

Introduction to Matlab

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Outline

Installing Matlab

Using Matlab

Saving/Loading from/into Matlab

Functions in Matlab

Discussion

Homework

Installing Matlab

For Marquette University students, Matlab is available to download without cost using the institutions license.

You will need your Marquette email address for this.

<https://www.mathworks.com/academia/tah-portal/marquette-university-365291.html>



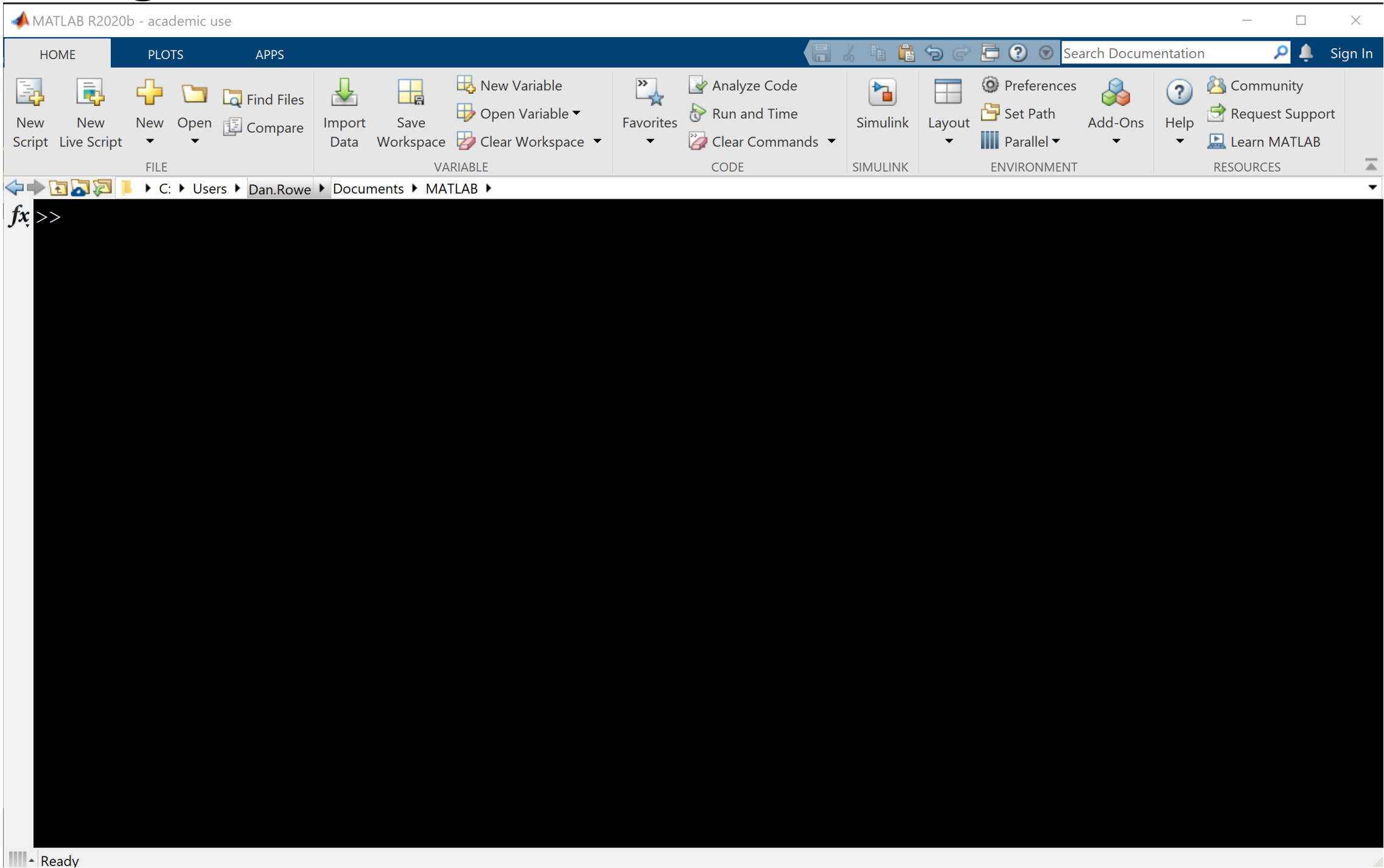
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[Get Software](#) | [Learn MATLAB](#) | [Teach with MATLAB](#) | [What's New](#)

MATLAB Access and Support for Everyone at

Marquette University

Using Matlab



Command Window



You can type directly.

Using Matlab

```

MATLAB R2020b - academic use
HOME PLOTS APPS
New Script New Live Script New Open Find Files Compare Import Data
FILE
C:\Users\Dan.Rowe\Docum
>> 2+2
ans =
    4
>> 2*2
ans =
    4
>> 2/2
ans =
    1
fx >>

```

Type directly into the command window for arithmetic



```

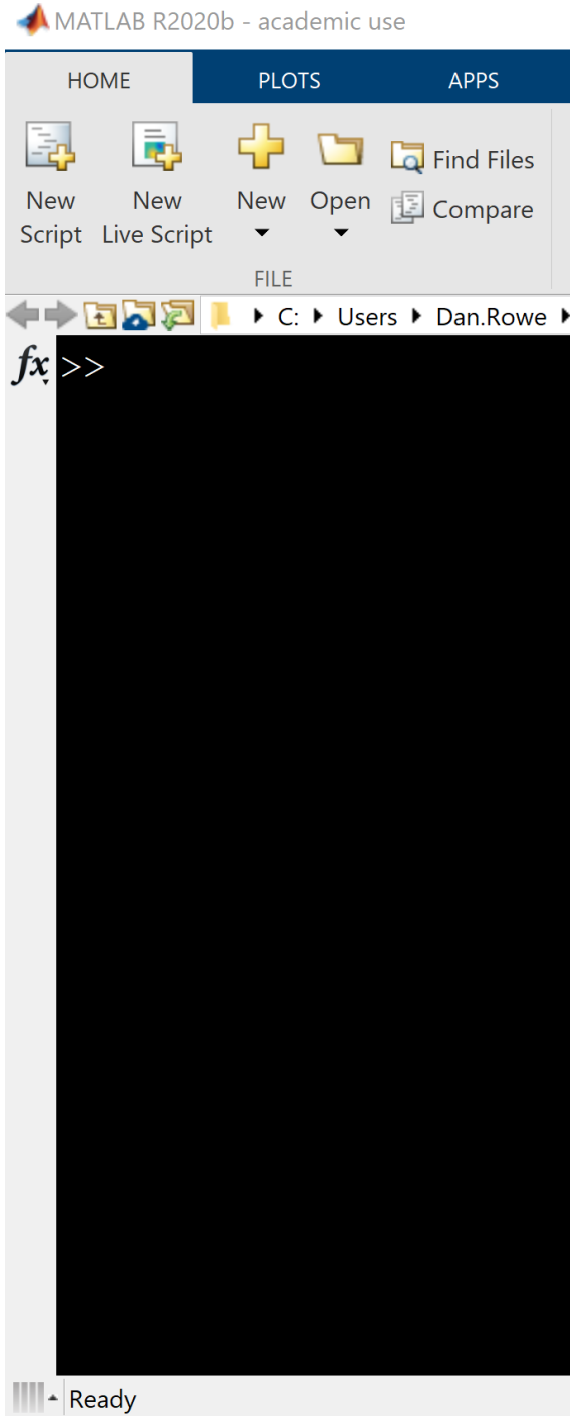
MATLAB R2020b - academic use
HOME PLOTS APPS
New Script New Live Script New Open Find Files Compare Import Data
FILE
C:\Users\Dan.Rowe\Doc
>> [1,2]+[3,4]
ans =
    4    6
>> [1,2]*[3;4]
ans =
    11
>> inv([1,2;3,4])
ans =
   -2.0000    1.0000
    1.5000   -0.5000
fx >>

```

Type directly into the command window for vector and matrix operations.



Using Matlab



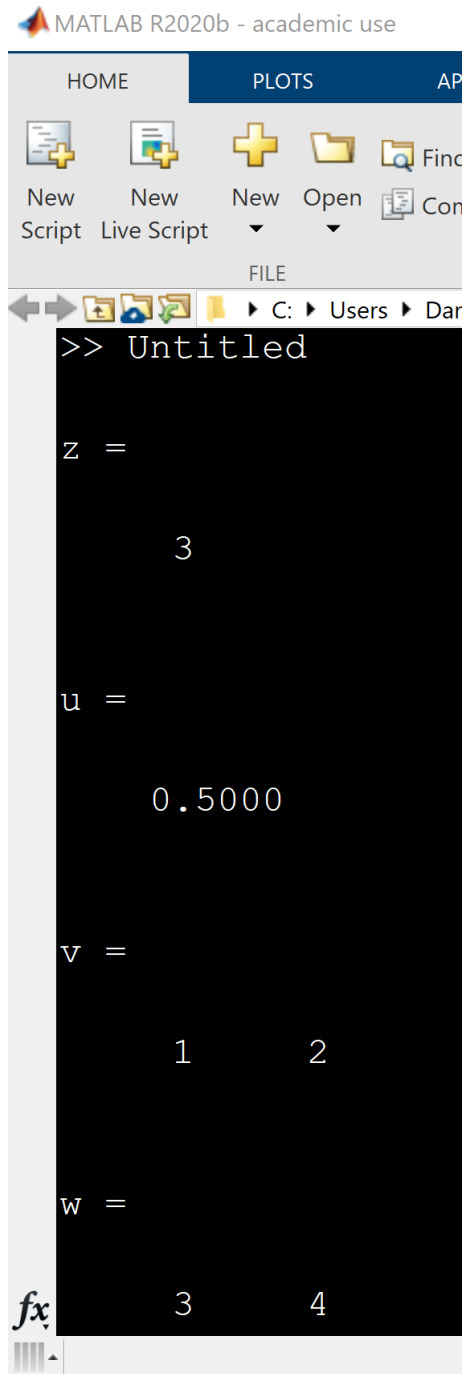
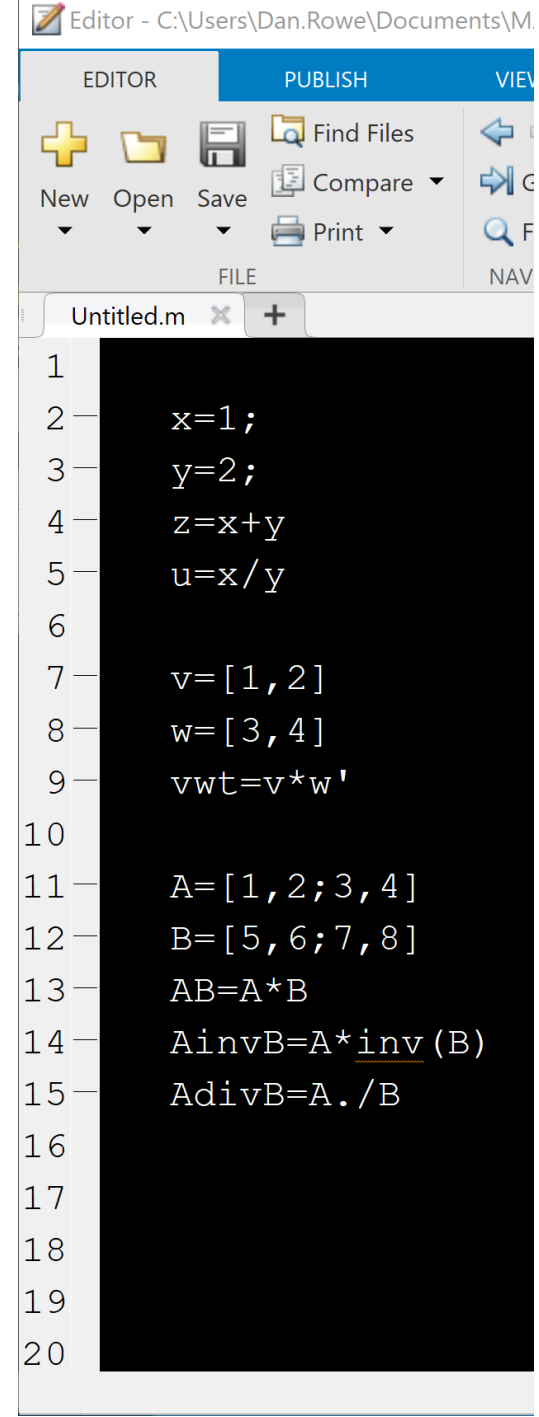
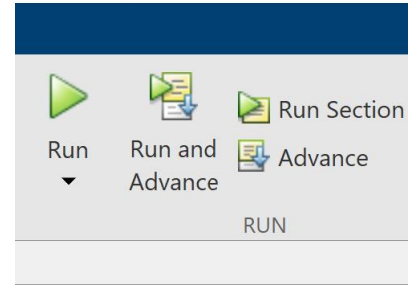
Don't type directly into the command window.



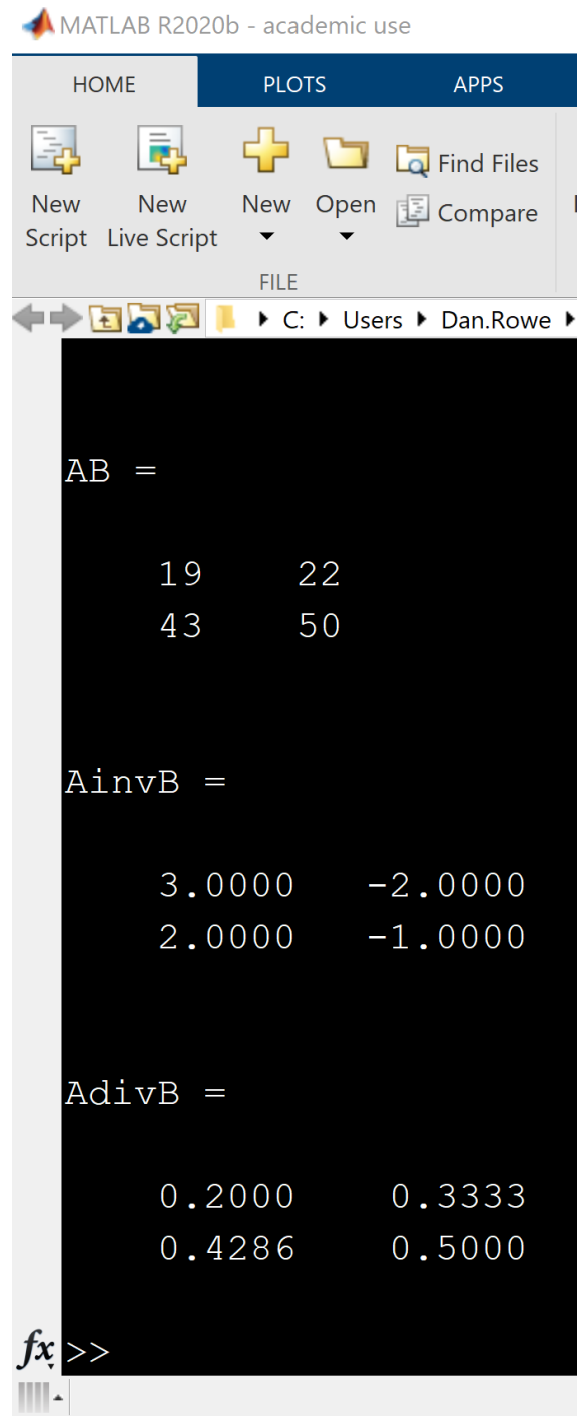
Type into a script.



Save and run!



...



Using Matlab

```
Editor - C:\Users\Dan.Rowe\Documents\
EDITOR PUBLISH
+ New Open Save Find Files Compare Print
FILE
Untitled2.m x Untitled.m x +
1 n=10;
2 x=zeros(n,1);
3 for i=1:n
4     x(i,1)=i^2;
5 end
6 x
```

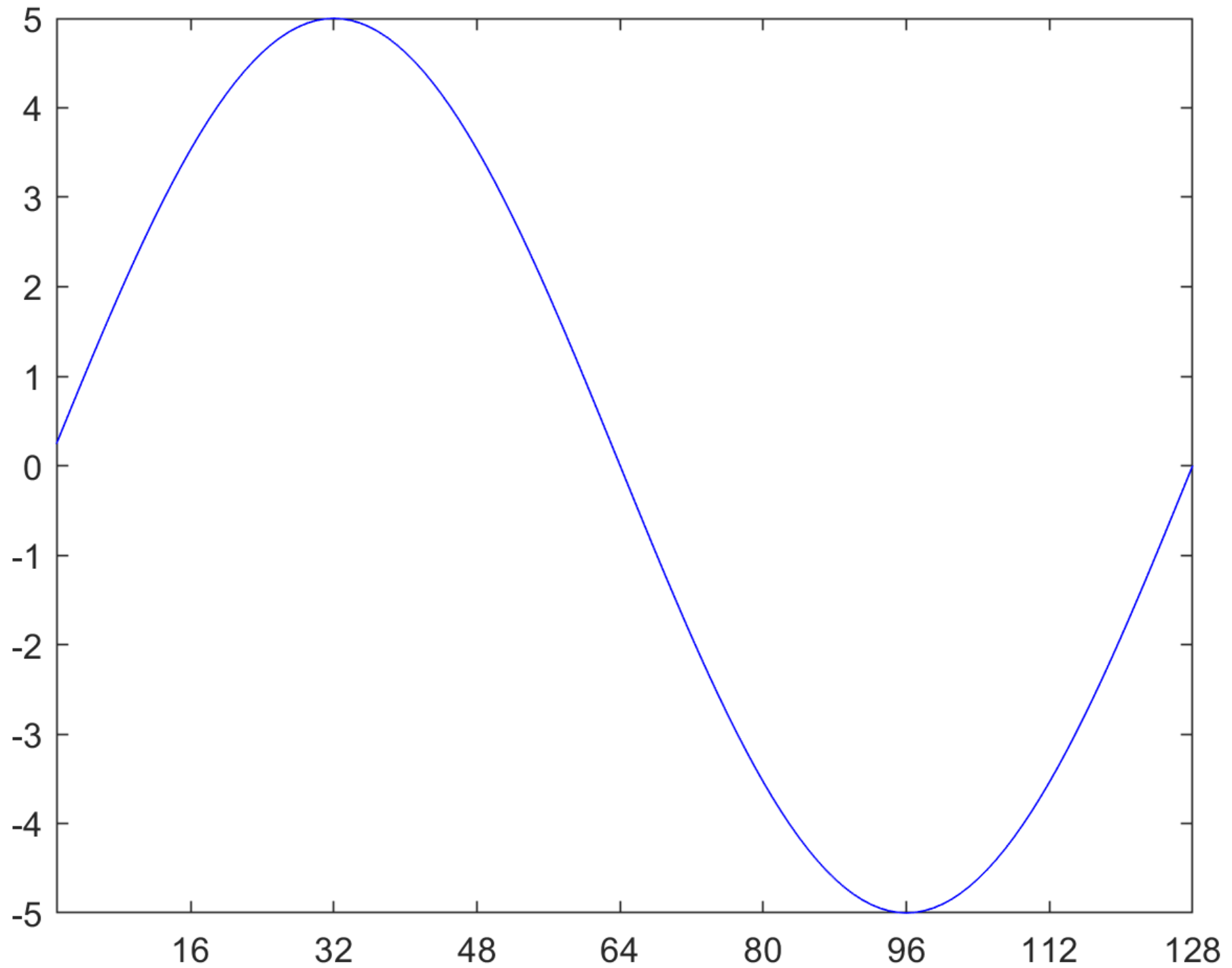
```
MATLAB R2020b - academic use
HOME PLOTS
+ New New New Open
Script Live Script
FILE
C:\Users
>> Untitled2
x =
     1
     4
     9
    16
    25
    36
    49
    64
    81
   100
fx >>
```

```
Editor - C:\Users\Dan.Rowe\Documents\MATLAB
EDITOR PUBLISH VIEW
+ New Open Save Find Files Go To Find
FILE NAVIGATE
Untitled3.m x Untitled2.m x Untitled.m
1 n=2; m=3
2 A=zeros(n,m);
3 for i=1:n
4     for j=1:m
5         A(i,j)=i+j;
6     end
7 end
8 A
9
```

```
MATLAB R2020b - academic use
HOME PLOTS APPS
+ New New New Open Find File Compare
Script Live Script
FILE
C:\Users\Dan.Ro
>> Untitled3
A =
     2     3     4
     3     4     5
fx >>
```

Using Matlab

```
Editor - C:\Users\Dan.Rowe\Documents\MATLAB\Untitled4.m  
EDITOR PUBLISH VIEW  
+ Find Files  
New Open Save Compare Go To Insert  
Print Indent Comment  
FILE NAVIGATE  
Untitled4.m x Untitled3.m x Untitled2.m x Untitled1.m x  
1 T=128;  
2 t=(1:T);  
3 A=5;  
4 y=A*sin(2*pi/T*t);  
5  
6 figure;  
7 plot(t,y,'b')  
8 xlim([1,T]), ylim([-A,A])  
9 set(gca,'xtick',[0:16:T])  
10 set(gca,'ytick',[-A:1:A])
```

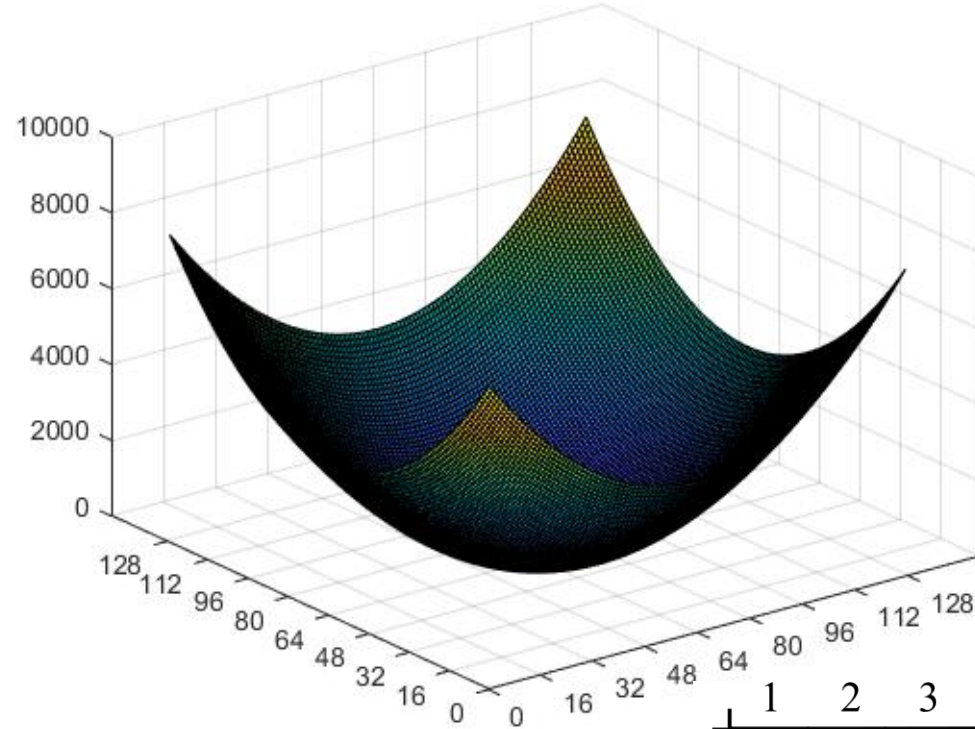


Using Matlab

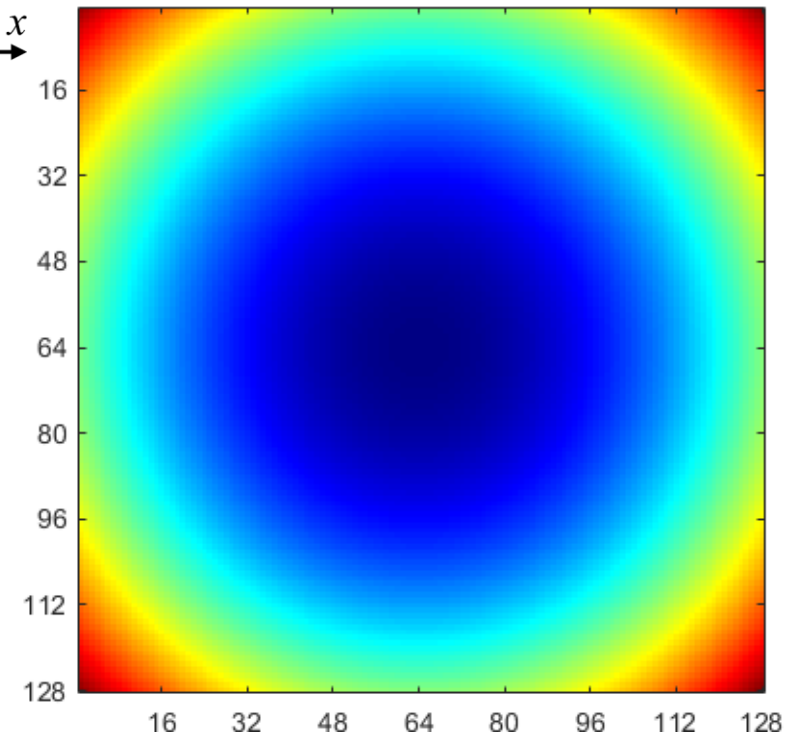
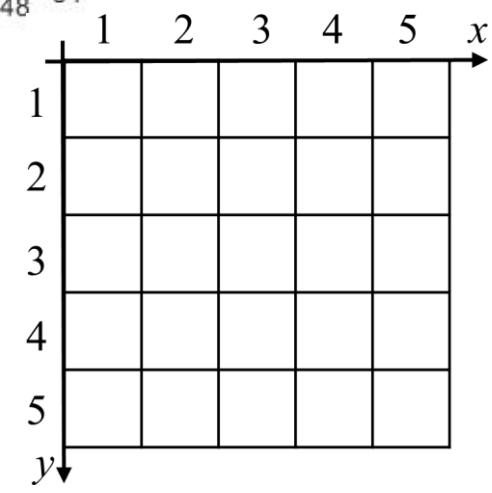
```

Editor - C:\Users\Dan.Rowe\Documents\MATLAB\Untitled5.m
EDITOR PUBLISH VIEW
+ Find Files Insert fx
New Open Save Compare Go To Comment % Indent Breakp
Print Find Indent Breakp
FILE NAVIGATE EDIT BREAKPC
Untitled5.m x Untitled4.m x Untitled3.m x Untitled2.m x Untitled.m
1 n=128; m=128;
2 fxy=zeros(n,m);
3 for i=1:n
4   for j=1:m
5     fxy(i,j)=(i-n/2)^2+(j-m/2)^2;
6   end
7 end
8
9 x=(1:n); y=(1:m);
10 [X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
11 figure;
12 surf(X,Y,fxy)
13 set(gca,'xtick',[0:16:128])
14 set(gca,'ytick',[0:16:128])
15
16 figure;
17 imagesc(fxy)
18 colormap(jet)
19 set(gca,'xtick',[0:16:128])
20 set(gca,'ytick',[0:16:128])
21 axis image

```



← pseudocolor
↓



Saving/Loading from/into Matlab

You can save the worksheet from the quadratic surface as

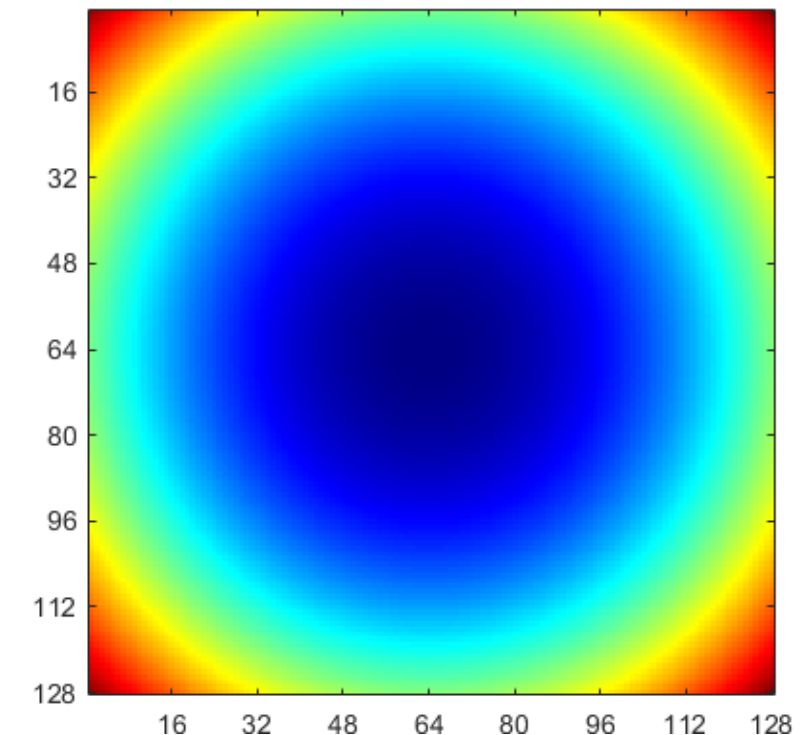
```
save('MySurfData') % saves entire worksheet in MySurfData.mat
```

or save only the variables we want

```
save('Myfxy','fxy','X','Y') % saves fxy, X, Y in file Myfxy.mat
```

or save into a text file

```
vecfxy=reshape(fxy,[n*m,1]); % array to vector  
dlmwrite('MyVecfxy.txt',vecfxy,'\t') % save  
load MyVecfxy.txt % load txt file  
Newfxy=reshape(MyVecfxy,[n,m]); % vector to array  
figure; % make image  
imagesc(Newfxy), colormap(jet), axis off, axis image
```

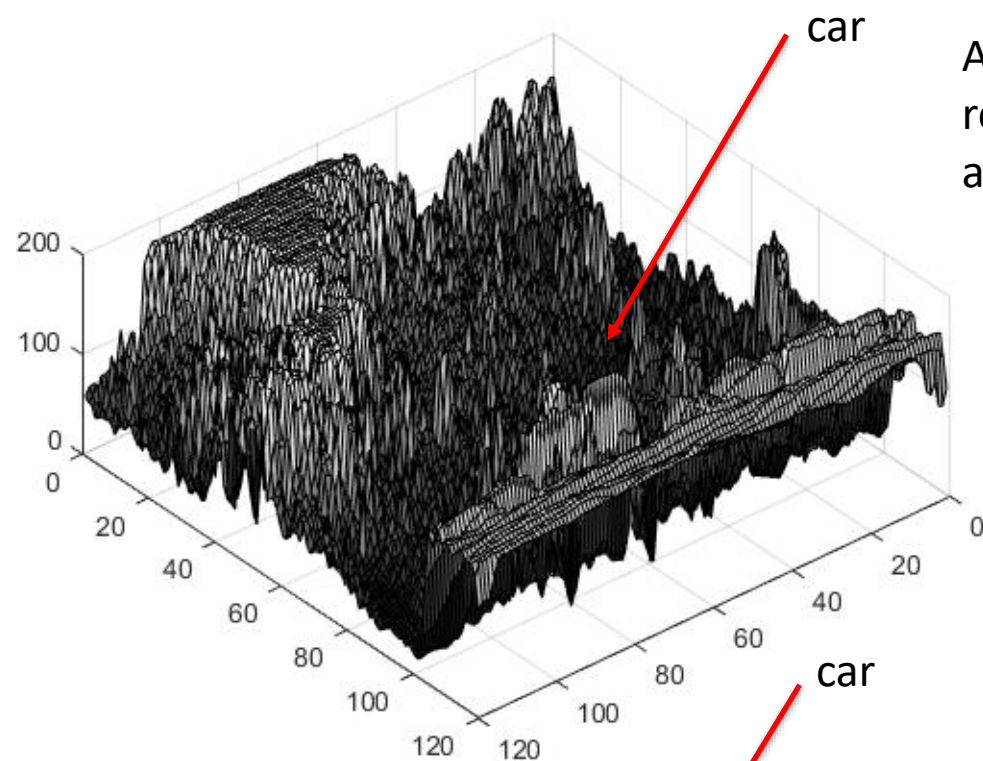


Saving/Loading from/into Matlab

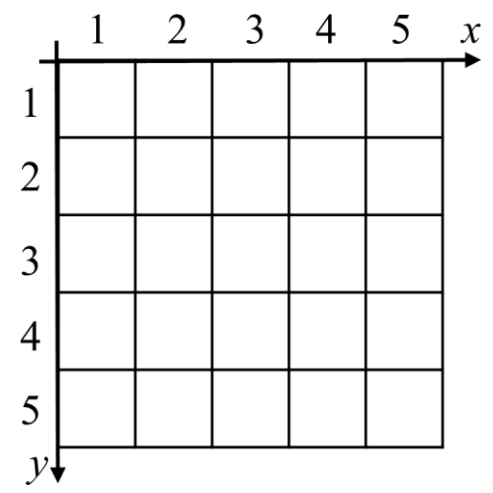
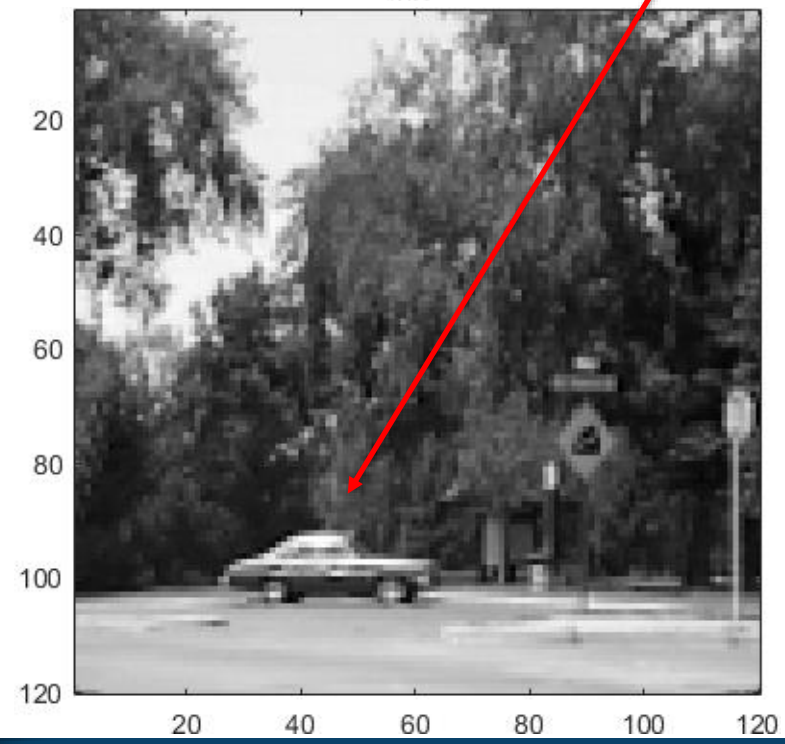
```
load cardata.txt
[n,p]=size(cardata);
nx=sqrt(n);, ny=nx;
fxy=reshape(cardata,[ny,nx])';

x=(1:nx); y=(1:ny);
[X,Y]=meshgrid(x,y);
figure;
surf(X,Y,fliplr(fxy)), colormap(gray)
set(gca,'xtick',[0:20:nx])
set(gca,'ytick',[0:20:ny])
az=140;; el=60;; view(az,el)
print(gcf,'-dtiffn','-r100',['CarScene3D'])

figure;
imagesc(fxy)
axis image, colormap(gray)
set(gca,'xtick',[0:20:nx])
set(gca,'ytick',[0:20:ny])
print(gcf,'-dtiffn','-r100',['CarScene'])
```



An image is a discrete digital representation of a continuous analog function $f(x,y)$.

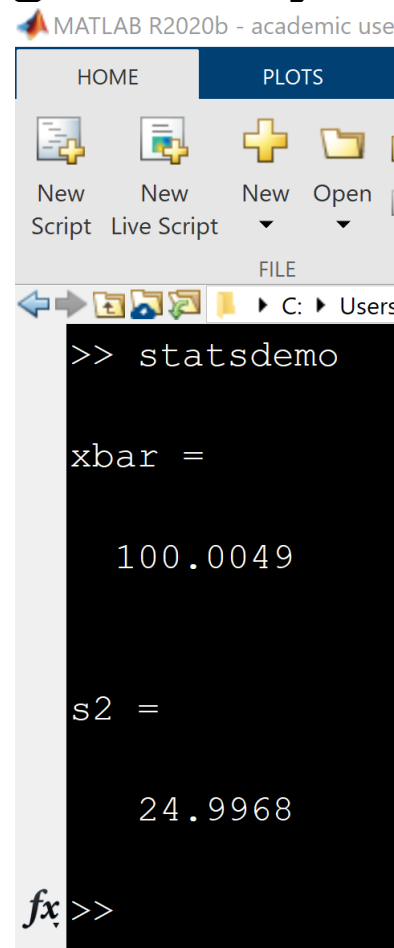


Functions in Matlab

There are many built in functions in Matlab to make your life easier. You can do statistics, math, image analysis,

```
n=10^6;
mu=100; sigma2=25;
x=sqrt(sigma2)*randn(n,1)+mu;

xbar=mean(x)
s2=var(x)
figure;
histogram(x,100)
print(gcf, '-dtiffn', '-r100', ['demoHist'])
```



MATLAB R2020b - academic use

HOME PLOTS

New Script New Live Script New Open

FILE

C:\Users

```
>> statsdemo

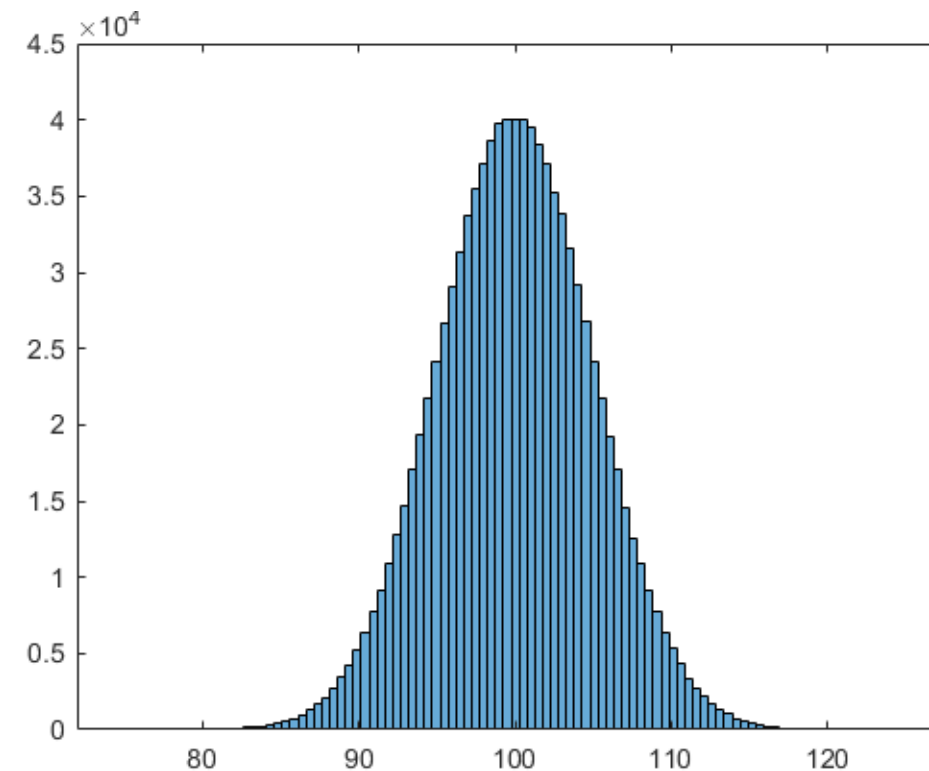
xbar =

    100.0049

s2 =

    24.9968

fx >>
```

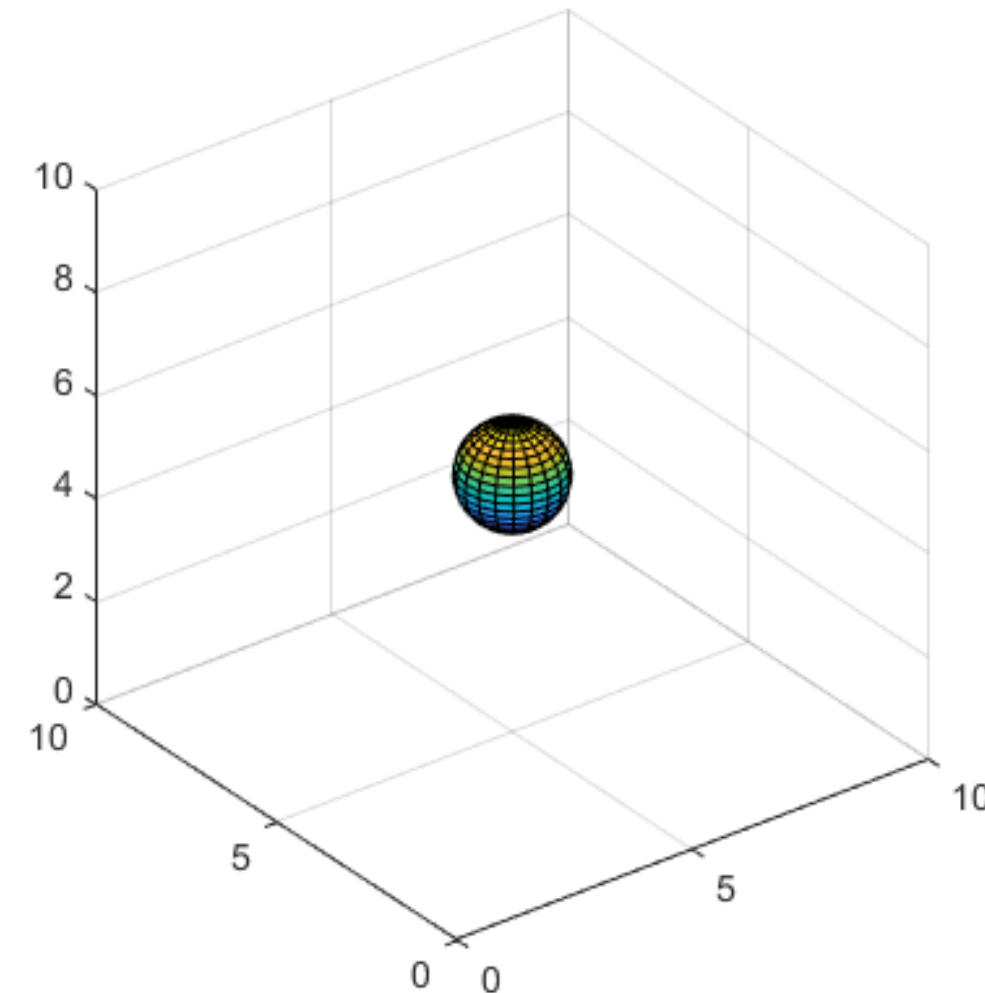


<https://www.mathworks.com/content/dam/mathworks/fact-sheet/matlab-basic-functions-reference.pdf>

Functions in Matlab

There are many built in functions in Matlab to make your life easier.
You can do statistics, math, image analysis.

```
[x,y,z] = sphere;  
figure;  
for t=1:.1:10  
    surf(x+t,y+t,z+t)  
    axis square  
    xlim([0,10]),ylim([0,10]), zlim([0,10])  
    pause(.1)  
end
```



<https://www.mathworks.com/content/dam/mathworks/fact-sheet/matlab-basic-functions-reference.pdf>

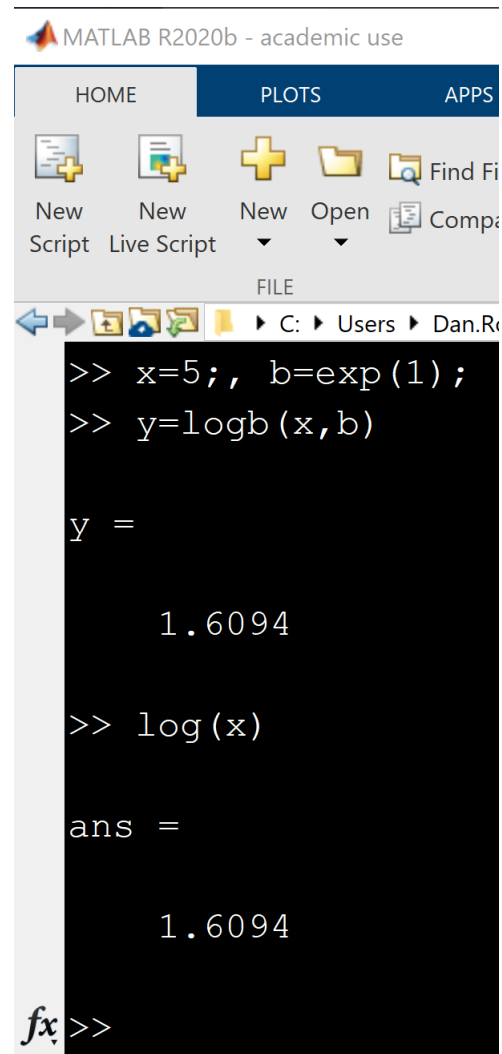
Functions in Matlab

You can create your own functions.

```
% logarithm of x base b  
% usage is y=log(x,b)
```

```
function y=logb(x,b);
```

```
y=log(x) ./log(b);
```



The screenshot shows the MATLAB R2020b interface. The top menu bar includes HOME, PLOTS, and APPS. Below the menu bar are icons for New Script, New Live Script, New, Open, Find Files, and Compare. The current directory is C:\Users\Dan.Ro. The command window shows the following commands and output:

```
>> x=5;; b=exp(1);  
>> y=logb(x,b)  
  
y =  
  
    1.6094  
  
>> log(x)  
  
ans =  
  
    1.6094  
  
fx >>
```

Functions in Matlab

The built in functions may come as part of an add-on library

- [Statistics and Machine Learning Toolbox™](#) (Statistics and Machine Learning Toolbox)
- [Curve Fitting Toolbox™](#) (Curve Fitting Toolbox)
- [Control System Toolbox™](#) (Control System Toolbox)
- [Signal Processing Toolbox™](#) (Signal Processing Toolbox)
- [Mapping Toolbox™](#) (Mapping Toolbox)
- [System Identification Toolbox™](#) (System Identification Toolbox)
- [Deep Learning Toolbox™](#) (Deep Learning Toolbox)
- [DSP System Toolbox™](#) (DSP System Toolbox)
- [Datafeed Toolbox™](#) (Datafeed Toolbox)
- [Financial Toolbox™](#) (Financial Toolbox)
- [Image Processing Toolbox™](#) (Image Processing Toolbox)
- [Text Analytics Toolbox™](#) (Text Analytics Toolbox)
- [Predictive Maintenance Toolbox™](#)

for the most part we will only use low level functions so we learn how things work.

Discussion

Questions?

The best way to get better at this material is to do.

You don't get better at it by reading about it, you have to do it for yourself.

Homework 1

1. Write a for loop to add the numbers 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10.

2. Make a surface plot of the function

$$f(x, y) = \frac{1}{2\pi} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x^2+y^2)}$$

3. Run code, change colormap to copper, hot...



```
A = imread('FrMarquette.jpg');
```

```
figure;  
imagesc(A)  
axis image, axis off
```

```
I = rgb2gray(A);
```

```
figure;  
imagesc(I)  
axis image, axis off  
colormap(gray)
```

```
imwrite(I, 'GrayMarquette.jpg');
```

Homework 1

4. Read your own image into Matlab.
 - a) Convert to grayscale.
 - b) Look at the pixel values of a distinctive feature in your image.
 - c) load another image of the same size (same device).
 - d) average the two images together.
 - e) display an image of the average.
 - f) Bonus: Repeat for multiple sequential images.