MATH 4740/MSSC 5740
Chapter 5 Problem Solving \#7, $8^{+}$

### 5.7 Summary

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Concept Basic probability} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Formula} \\
\hline \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\[
\text { P[Characteristic })=\frac{\text { Number of persons with characteristic }}{N}
\]} \\
\hline Conditional probability rule \& \[
\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B})=\frac{\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{~A} \text { and } \mathrm{B})}{\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{~B})}
\] \& N \& \& \& \\
\hline Sensitivity \& \[
P(\text { screen positive } \mid \text { disease })=a /(a+c)
\] \& \& Disease
present \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Disease } \\
\text { Free }
\end{gathered}
\] \& Total \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Specificity \\
False Positive Fraction
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
\(P(\) screen negative \(\mid\) disease free \()=d /(b+d)\) \\
\(P(\) screen positive \(\mid\) disease free \()=b /(b+d)\)
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Screen \\
Screen \\
negative
\end{tabular} \& a

$c$ \& b
$d$ \& a+b
$c+d$ <br>
\hline False Negative Fraction \& $P($ screen negative $\mid$ disease $)=c /(a+c)$ \& Total \& ${ }^{a+c}$ \& ${ }^{\text {b }+d}$ \& $N$ <br>
\hline Positive Predictive Value \& $P($ disease $\mid$ screen positive $)=a /(a+b)$ \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Negative Predictive Value \& $P($ disease free $\mid$ screen negative $)=d /(c+d)$ \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Independent events <br> Bayes Theorem | $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A} \mid \mathrm{B})=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})$ or $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B} \mid \mathrm{A})=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Binomial distribution | $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B})=\frac{\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{A}) \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})}{\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})}$ | $\mu=n p$ |
|  | $\mathrm{P}(x$ successes $)=\frac{n!}{x!(n-x)!} p^{x}(1-p)^{n-x}$ | $\sigma^{2}=n p(1-p)$ |

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### 5.8 Practice Problems

7. As part of the study described in Problem 6, investigators wanted to assess the accuracy of self-reported smoking status. Participants are asked whether they currently smoke or not. In addition, laboratory tests are performed on hair samples to determine the presence or absence of nicotine. The laboratory assessment is considered the gold standard, or the truth about nicotine consumption. The data are shown in Table 5.13.
a. What is the sensitivity of the self-reported smoking status?
b. What is the specificity of the self-reported smoking status?

| TABLE 5.13 | Self-Reported Smoking Status |
| :--- | :--- |

8. A recent study of cardiovascular risk factors reported that $30 \%$ of adults meet criteria for hypertension. If 15 adults are assessed:
a. What is the probability that exactly 5 meet the criteria for hypertension?
b. What is the probability that none meet the criteria for hypertension?
c. How many would you expect to meet the criteria for hypertension? $\mu$
d. What is the standard deviation $\sigma$ of those that meet the criteria?
e. What is $\mu-\sigma$ to $\mu+\sigma$ ?
e. What is the probability that more than 12 meet the criteria?
f. What is the probability that less than 2 meet the criteria?
